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| 10/009,603 | 12/11/2001 | Oswald Gasser | 0475-0198P | 4201 |
| 26813 | 7590 07/06/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| MUETING, RAASCH & GEBHARDT, P.A. | | | LEWIS, RALPH A | |
| P.O. BOX 581415 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55458 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Indication of Allowability Withdrawn

The indicated allowability of claims 17, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27 and 39-43 in the office action of February 08, 2006 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Jefferies et al (EP 0 304 871). Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Rejections based on Prior Art

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 17, 24, 26, 39-43 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jefferies et al (EP 0 304 871).

Jefferies et al disclose a cone shaped paper point 26 (i.e. "a deformable support material"). A diagnostically useful agent is impregnated on the surface of the cone shaped paper point (page 6, lines 13-15) that reacts with "biological materials present in the mouth that are associated with the diseased state" and "the reaction may be immediately observable or readable" (page 3, lines 54-57). The Jefferies et al device is "locus specific' in that cone shaped paper point is used for sampling fluids in the root canal and/or periodontal pockets.

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Claim 47 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kokal, Jr. (US 3,959,881).

Kokal, Jr. discloses a composition comprised of a deformable film 12 14 support material and diagnostically useful additive 16. The additive 16 is comprised of microencapsulated ink or dye that is used to diagnose contact points between the upper and lower teeth. The microcapsules rupture in response to biting pressure which gives the specific location (i.e. "locus-specific") and substance of the contact by indicating points of greater and lesser biting pressure (i.e. "substance specific")(see column 3, line 9-10). The ruptured ink capsules mark the surface of the support material thereby providing a signal (i.e. "signal development").

In response to the present rejection applicant points to column 3. lines 6-7 of Kokal which state that the teeth are marked and argues that rather than marking the teeth, the present claims require "a signal development in or upon the surface of the support material or by binding of a detectable agent to the support material." The examiner is of the position that the Kokal "support material" is a paper and that the ruptured ink or dye microcapsules within the paper would stain and mark the surface of the paper just as ink marks the paper of this page.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 20, 21, 27 and 40-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jefferies et al (EP 0 304 871).

In regard to claims 20, 27 and 27, the use of the diagnostic agent in Jefferies et al within the particular quantities claimed would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art as a matter of routine practice in carrying the Jefferies et al invention.

In regard to claims 40-43, to the extent that the disclosed indicator enzymes of Jefferies et al do not meet the laundry list of indicators set forth in the present claims, then one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to have substituted other known prior art indicators such as those claimed as an obvious substitution of known prior art indicators.

Claim 47 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kokal, Jr. (US 3,959,881).

In response to the 35 U.S.C. 102 rejection based on Kokal, Jr. above, applicant argues that the paper with ruptured inks or dies of Kokal Jr. would not necessarily have to be inherently stained or marked by the ink or die. The examiner considers the argument being akin to painting an object with a brush and then arguing that there is only paint on the object and none on the brush, be that as it may, to the extent that Kokal, Jr. paper is not inherently stained or marked with the ruptured microcapsules of ink or die because it could possibly be some unusual type of paper that would not permit such a stain/marking, then it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in

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the art to have constructed the Kokal, Jr. device of conventional ordinary paper as a

matter of routine practice.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 19, 22, 23, 25, 28-38 and 44-46 are objected to as being dependent on a

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rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form to include

all of the limitations of the claims from which they depend.

Prior Art

Applicant's information disclosure statements of May 08, 2006 and May 24, 2006

have been considered and an initialed copy enclosed herewith.

Berry (US 3,507,269) is made of record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to **Ralph Lewis** at telephone number **(571) 272-4712.** Fax (571) 273-8300. The examiner works a compressed work schedule and is unavailable every other Friday. The examiner's

supervisor, Kevin Shaver, can be reached at (571) 272-4720.

R.Lewis June 24, 2006

> Ralph A. Lewis Primary Examiner

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